

Assginment 1 – Software Design and Modelling

Volodymyr Karpenko

Claudio Maggioni

October 17, 2022

1 Project selection process

We need to find a project that is a single unit in terms of compilation modules¹ self contained and with as little external dependencies as possible to ease the analysis project. Additionally, it would be nice if we choose a project that we already know as library clients.

1.1 Projects Considered

We considered the following GitHub repositories:

vavr-io/vavr a Java library for functional programming, discarded as the project is less than 20K LOC and doesn't meet the selection criteria;

bitcoin4j/bitcoin4j a Java implementation of the bitcoin protocol, discarded as the project is distributed in several subprojects;

FasterXML/jackson-core a Java JSON serialization and deserialization library. We chose this library because it meets the selection criteria, it doesn't rely on external components for its execution, and its project structure uses a single Maven module for its sources and thus easy to analyze.

1.2 The Jackson Core Library

As already mentioned, **Jackson** is a library that offers serialization and deserialization capabilities in JSON format. The library is highly extensible and customizable through a robust but flexible API and module suite that allows to change the serialization and deserialization rules, or in the case of the **jackson-dataformat-xml** module, to allow to target XML instead of JSON.

The chosen repository contains only the *core* module of Jackson. The *core* module implements the necessary library abstractions and interfaces to allow other modules to be plugged-in. Additionally, the *core* module implements the tokenizer and low-level abstractions to work with the JSON format.

We chose to analyze version 2.13.4 of the module (corresponding to the code under the git tag **jackson-core-2.13.4**) because it is the latest stable version available at the time of writing.

¹A problem for Pattern4J as compiled `.class` files are distributed across several directories and would have to be merged manually for analyzing them

2 Analysis

We use *Pattern4j* as a pattern detection tool. This tool needs compiled `.class` files in order to perform analysis. Therefore, as `jackson-core` is a standard Maven project, we compile the sources using the command `mvn clean compile`. The `pom.xml` of the library specifies Java 1.6 as a compilation target, which is not supported by JDK 17 or above. We used JDK 11 instead, as it is the previous LTS version.

An XML dump of the *Pattern4j* analysis results are included in the submission as the file `analysis.xml`.

2.1 Comments

- Lots of false positives for the Singleton pattern. Example, `com.fasterxml.jackson.core.sym.Name1` has a package private constructor and a public static final instance of it, but reading the documentation the class represents (short) JSON string literals and therefore is clearly initialized by client code.

`sym.Name1`, `JsonLocation`, `DefaultIndenter`, `util.DefaultPrettyPrinter$FixedSpaceInde`
not a singleton (detected cause of "convenient" default instance given as static final field), the constructor is not used but the class is extensible

`JsonPointer`, `filter.TokenFilter` like above, but constructors are protected

`JsonpCharacterEscapes`, `util.DefaultPrettyPrinter$NopIndenter`, `Version` a singleton but with a public constructor that is never called in the module code, may be called in tests

`io.JsonStringEncoder` like above, but the class is final

`util.InternCache`, `io.CharTypes$AltEscapes` actual singleton, thread-unsafe initialization

`io.ContentReference` like above, but constructor is protected

- TBD